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DISCOVERY OF A NEW MIRA VARIABLE

P.K. ABOLMASOV¹, S.YU. SHUGAROV²

¹ Moscow City Palace for Youth's Creativity, 17, Kosygina Str., Moscow 117978, Russia

² Sternberg Astronomical Institute, 13, Universitetskij Av., Moscow 119899, Russia,

e-mail: shugarov@sai.msu.ru

Name of the object: IRAS 17506+3411 = USNO A1.0 1200.08799479Equatorial coordinates: Equinox: $\mathbf{R.A.} = 17^{h}52^{m}24^{s}.1$ $\mathbf{DEC.} = +34^{\circ}11'12''$ J2000.0 **Observatory and telescope:** 40-cm astrograph in Crimea **Detector:** Photoplate Filter(s): None **Comparison star(s):** See Fig. 1 Check star(s): None Transformed to a standard system: B_{pa} Standard stars (field) used: B-band standard sequence in SA 62 (Prieser, 1974) Availability of the data: Upon request Μ

Type of variability:

Remarks:

The variability of the star was discovered by S. Antipin (priv. comm.). 160 estimates in interval JD2433031-49634 show variations typical of Mira type variable with the following light elements:

 $JD_{max} = 2445197 + 261^{d}.3 \times E.$

The range of variability is $13^{\text{m}}_{\text{\cdot}}8-17^{\text{m}}_{\text{\cdot}}5$.

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Figure 1. Finding chart and comparison stars.



Figure 2. Phased light curve. Uncertain estimates are shown as open circles, "v" symbols represent upper limits.

Reference:

Prieser, J.B. 1974, Naval Observ. Publ., vol. XX, p. VII, Washington