

COMMISSIONS 27 AND 42 OF THE IAU  
INFORMATION BULLETIN ON VARIABLE STARS

Number 4566

Konkoly Observatory  
Budapest  
10 March 1998

*HU ISSN 0374 – 0676*

**HD 84800: A NEW  $\delta$  SCUTI VARIABLE**

E. PAUNZEN, K.G. STRASSMEIER, W.W. WEISS

Institut für Astronomie der Universität Wien Türkenschanzstr. 17 A-1180 Wien  
e-mail: paunzen@astro.ast.univie.ac.at

We present photometric data for HD 84800 establishing  $\delta$  Scuti type variability for this star. Furthermore we solve the previous discrepancy of different spectral classifications (A4 V or A2 II) in the literature by using the Hipparcos parallax. As a result of the analysis the found periodicity is likely to be a high overtone f-mode.

HD 84800 (HIP 48129,  $V = 7.79$ ) was originally used as one of the comparison stars for HD 84123 (HIP 47792,  $\lambda$  Boo spectral type,  $V = 6.81$ ) during a photometric survey of pulsating  $\lambda$  Bootis stars (Paunzen et al. 1998). Our program star HD 84123 as well as the second comparison star HD 84388 (HIP 47934, F2 spectral type,  $V = 7.10$ ) turned out to be constant.

Photometric observations were performed with one of the University of Vienna automatic photometric telescopes (APT) in the night of 06/07.02.1997 with an integration time of 30 seconds. For a detailed description of the APT see Strassmeier et al. (1997). Figure 1 shows the differential light curves for all three stars in Strömgren  $b$ . A preliminary Fourier analysis of these data results in a frequency of  $42 \text{ d}^{-1}$  ( $= 486 \mu\text{Hz}$ ),  $P = 34$  min and a peak-to-peak amplitude of 6.3 mmag (Figure 2).

Using the Hipparcos parallax  $\pi = 6.66 \pm 0.95$  mas, and assuming  $E(B - V) = 0$  (Bartkevičius et al. 1992) we estimate an absolute magnitude  $M_V = +1.91 \pm 0.32$  mag for HD 84800. This result confirms the spectral type A4 V (Bartkevičius et al. 1992) and rejects the A2 II classification by Bartaya (1979). Note that for an A2 II star the corresponding  $M_v$  is about  $-3$  mag.

In order to estimate a Q-value for the detected pulsation, typical astrophysical quantities for an A4 V star were adopted from Schmidt-Kaler (1982) since neither Strömgren nor Geneva photometry is available:  $\log g = 4.3$ ,  $T_{\text{eff}} = 8500$  K and  $B.C. = -0.16$  mag. These parameters give a Q-value of 0.015 days based on López de Coca et al. (1990):

$$\log Q = -6.456 + \log T_{\text{eff}} + 0.5 \log g + 0.1 M_{\text{bol}} + \log P$$

A comparison with theoretical Q-values listed in Stellingwerf (1979) results in the exclusion of the fundamental and the first overtone mode for the detected variability. However, this conclusion remains preliminary since “tabulated” values for a “standard” A4 V-type star have been used.

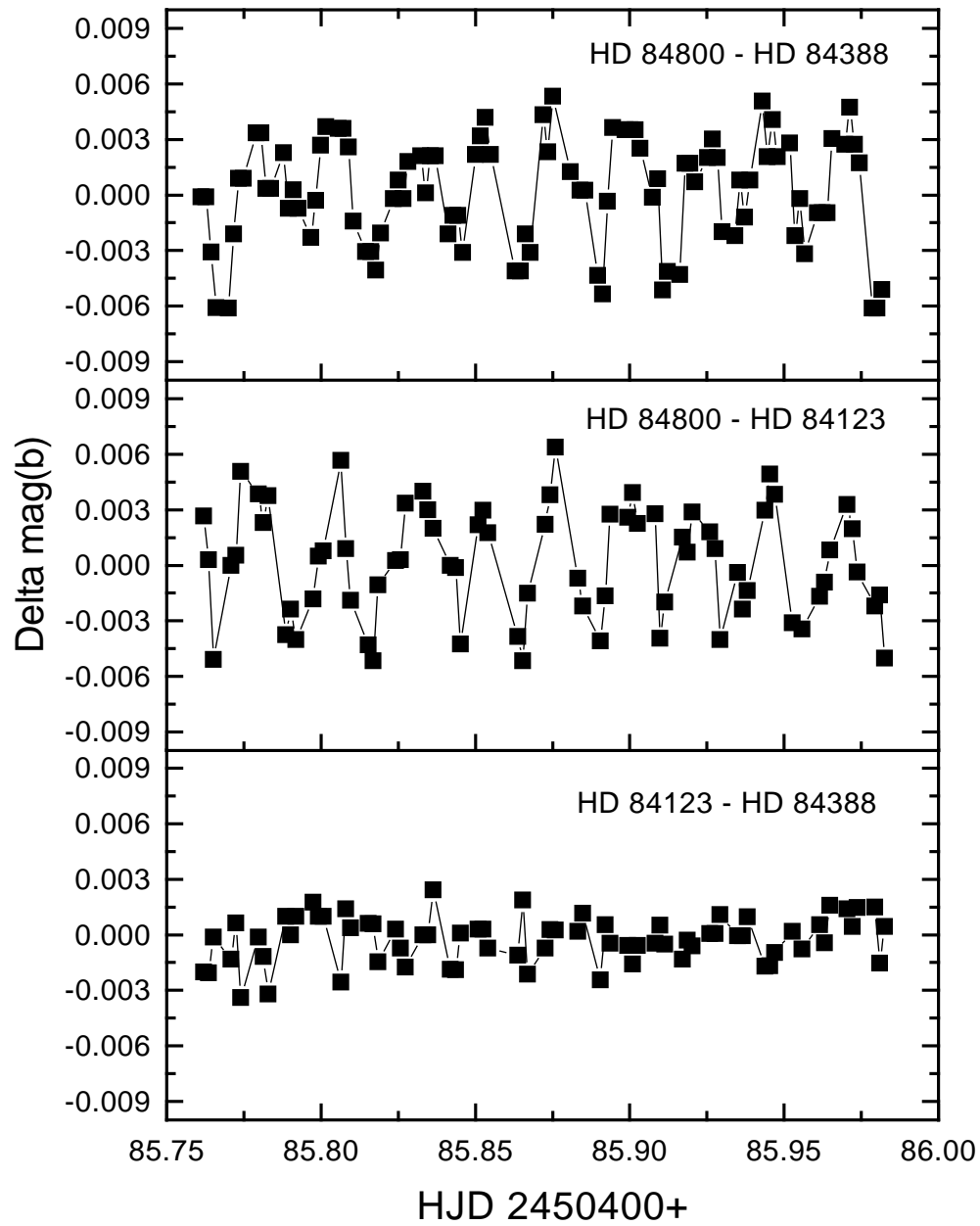
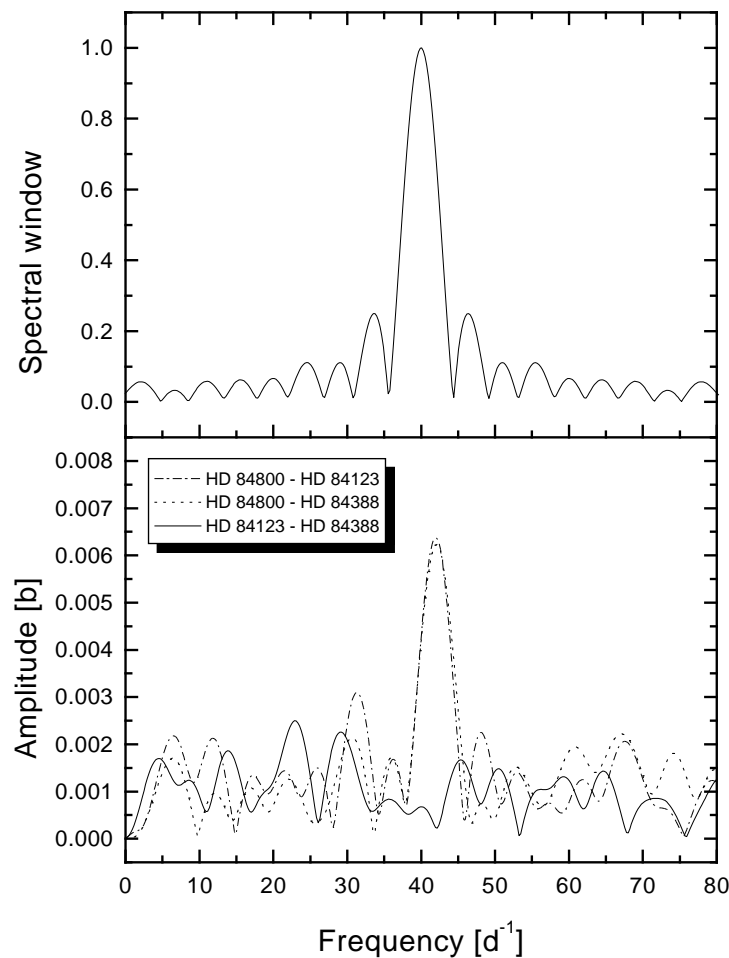


Figure 1. The differential APT light curves for HD 84123, HD 84388 and HD 84800 in Strömgren  $b$



**Figure 2.** Amplitude spectra for all three stars

*Acknowledgements:* This research was carried out within the working group *Asteroseismology-AMS* with funding from the Fonds zur Förderung der wissenschaftlichen Forschung (FWF) project *S7303-AST*. KGS acknowledges support by the FWF, project *S7301-AST*. Use was made of the SIMBAD database, operated at CDS, Strasbourg, France.

#### References:

- Bartaya R.A., 1979, *Bull. Abastumani Obs.*, No. 51  
 Bartkevičius A., Lazauskaitė R., Tautvaišienė G., 1992, *Baltic Astronomy*, Vol. 1, 216  
 López de Coca P., Rolland A., Rodríguez E., Garrido R., 1990, *A&AS*, **83**, 51  
 Paunzen E., Weiss W.W., Kuschnig R., et al., 1998, *A&A* (in press)  
 Schmidt-Kaler Th., 1982, in: Landolt-Börnstein New Series, group VI, vol. 2b, p. 453  
 Stellingwerf R.F., 1979, *ApJ*, **227**, 935  
 Strassmeier K.G., Boyd L.J., Epanand D.H., Granzer Th., 1997, *PASP*, **109**, 697