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The Eclipsing Binary TX UMa - a Period Change Again

Abstract. On the basis of the published visual times of minima and our UBV photometric observations of the eclipsing binary TX UMa, another change of its period is presented. The new photometric ephemeris was computed.

1. Introduction

Recently we have been involved in the detailed analysis of the spectroscopic observational material of the eclipsing binary TX UMa obtained at the D.A.O. in 1969-70 and at the Ondřejov Observatory in 1972-80, (Hric et al., 1990; Grygar et al., 1991; Komžík et al., submitted to the Astrophys. Space Sci.). The spectroscopic detection of the interacting processes in this system showed the need for a further photoelectric monitoring.

The photoelectric observations in the UBV system were taken at the Skalnaté Pleso and Stará Lesná Observatories of the Astronomical Institute of the Slovak Academy of Sciences with the identical 60 cm Cassegrain reflecting telescopes equipped with single-channel pulse-counting photometers and photomultipliers. Observed data were recorded and processed using PC IBM-compatible computers.

2. Observations and Conclusions

The first observed minimum (JD 2 448 303) shows the (O-C) value approximately +2 hours (computed using the photometric ephemeris by Oh and Chen, 1984). The last investigation of TX UMa's (O-C) diagram was carried out by the above mentioned authors. The new times of minima (visual, taken from the literature including Cracow database, as well as our photoelectric) can be found in Table I. These new data together with those published by Oh and Chen were used to construct the new (O-C) diagram shown in Fig.1.

The times of our photoelectric minima were determined using parabola fitting method, separately for each colour, and their errors were estimated

TABLE I
Dbserved times of primary minima of TX UMa

Observed times of primary minima of TX UMa						
JD _{hel}	Error	Epoch	Type	Observer	Source	Note
+2 440 000	[days]	L		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
6122.372		-807.	VI	Hollis, A.	Isles, J.	
6171.395		-791.	VI	Duncan, H.	Isles, J.	*
6566.535		-662.	VI	Cluyse, L.	Isles, J.	*
6872.887		-562.	VI	Vystavěl, R.	Šilhán, J.	
6903.505		-552.	VI	Csipes, J.	Šilhán, J.	
6903.5208		-552.	VI	Renz, W.	BAV Rundbr.37	
7151.6452		-471.	VI	Renz, W.	BAV Rundbr.37	
7531.503		-347.	VI	Renz, W.	Hübscher, J. et al.	t ——
7565.200		-336.	VI	Enskonatus, P.	MVS 12, Nr.2	
7626.477		-316.	VI	Enskonatus, P.	MVS 12, Nr.3	*
7966.496		-205.	VI	Pietz, J.	Hübscher, J. et al.	
8303.46340	0.00005	-95.	PEU	Gliviak, M.,	this paper	
	L	<u> </u>		Komžík, R.		
8303.46341	0.00008	-95.	PEB	Gliviak, M.,	this paper	1
				Komžík, R.		1
8303.46352	0.00007	-95.	PE V	Gliviak, M.,	this paper	
		L		Komžík, R.		Ì
8306.5254	0.0002	-94.	PEU	Hric, L.,	this paper	
				Komžík, R.		
8306.5258	0.0002	-94.	PEB	Hric, L.,	this paper	
				Komžík, R.		
8306.52515	0.00012	-94.	PE V	Hric, L.,	this paper	
00//0 5050				Komžík, R.		
8306.5272	0.0004	-94.	PE U	Gliviak, M.,	this paper	
9700 FOZ	0.001			Kandra, M.		
8306.527	0.001	-94.	PE B	Gliviak, M.,	this paper	
8306.5277	0.0000		55.	Kandra, M.		
0300.3277	0.0003	-94.	PE V	Gliviak, M.,	this paper	
8444.373		-49.	VI	Kandra, M.		
8594.4786	0.0003	-49. 0.	PEU	Dědoch, A.	private comm.	ļ
0004.4100	0.0003	V.	re U	Hric, L.,	this paper	
8594.4792	0.0002	0.	PE B	Komžík, R.	41.1	·
5504.415g	0.0002	U.	1.00	Hric, L.,	this paper	
8594.4792	0.0003	0.	PE V	Komžík, R. Hric, L.,	•	
	2.0000	٠.	. E V	Komžík, R.	this paper	
				Atomzik, A.		

Notes to Table I. VI-visual, PE-photoelectric, U-filter U, B-filter B V-filter V, * -omitted

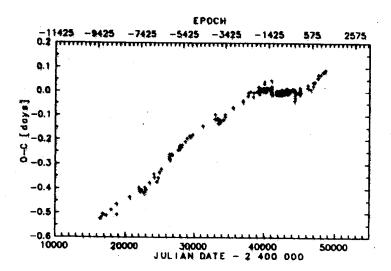


Fig. 1. (O - C) diagram for the times of primary minima of TX UMa, based on the ephemeris by Oh and Chen (1984): $Min_{hel} = 2444998.1475 + 3.40632382 \times E$

considering Kwee and Van Woerden (1956) method. The shapes of minima do not exhibit significant deviations from the symmetry.

We were lucky enough to gain two simultaneous observations of TX UMa minimum (JD 2 448 306) one at the Skalnaté Pleso Observatory and the other at the Stará Lesná Observatory. These two sets of data lead to a difference in the time of minimum determination which can not be explained by the data inaccuracy. We see the reason of this difference in the deterioration of the observational conditions at the Skalnaté Pleso Observatory, and a subsequent sudden change of the extinction, which caused the drop of the observed brightness (in all colours) at the ascending branch of the eclipse, resulting in the time of minimum delay. This effect can be of more general relevance and we intend to study it in the future in more detail.

The new photometric ephemeris of the system TX UMa was derived by means of the least-squares method using the data from the Table I. Four times of minima were omitted due to their great inherent inaccuracy (marked in the last column of the Table I.) The resulting photometric ephemeris is:

Min. I =
$$JD_{hel}$$
 2 448 594.47957 + 3^{d} .0633292×E ± 0.000008

Finally we can summarize our results and their interpretation:

- 1. Between JD 2 445 111 and JD 2 446 122 a new period change of the TX UMa system occurred, the fourth one in this century;
- 2. The new value of the period is $3.0633292 \pm 8. \times 10^{-7}$ days. This period is longer than that found by Oh and Chen; the difference is $0.^d0000910$;
- 3. The reason for the period change of TX UMa is the mass transfer from the less massive cooler secondary component F 6 IV to the hot component B 5 V. If the masses of the components $M_1 = 6.1 M_{\odot}$ (hot one) and $M_2 = 1.8 M_{\odot}$ (cooler one) (Grygar et al., 1991) are assumed the new value of $\frac{\Delta P}{P} = 0.000029706$ yields to the value of the transferred matter $\Delta M = 2.53 \times 10^{-5} M_{\odot}$.

It is interesting to notice an increase of the value $\frac{\Delta P}{P}$ during last ninety years.

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