## COMMISSION 27 OF THE I. A. U. INFORMATION BULLETIN ON VARIABLE STARS

Number 1801

Konkoly Observatory Budapest 1980 June 9

## REDISCUSSION OF THE PHOTOMETRIC ELEMENTS OF SW LYN

The light variation of the eclipsing binary SW Lyn has been the subject of several photoelectric investigations (Gleim 1967, Vetešník 1968, Vetešník 1977).Vetesnik(1977) also obtained a single-lined radial velocity curve, but the eccentricity reported by him is probably spurious according to Wilson's (1979) rediscussion of Vetešník's (1968) lightcurve in yellow light.

In view of the appreciably discordant photometric elements computed by Gleim (1967), Vetešník (1968), and Wilson (1979), we have reanalyzed Vetešník's (1968) two-colour photoelectric observations by using Wood's (1972; 1973-1978) lightcurve synthesis numerical model. In the table we list our new photometric elements ( for the explanation of the symbols see Mardirossian et al.(1980)). The chief variable parameters are the orbital inclination angle i, the unperturbed radius  $\mathbf{r}_h$  of the hotter component, the ratio  $\mathbf{k} = \mathbf{r}_c/\mathbf{r}_h$  of the unperturbed radii and the temperatures  $\mathbf{T}_h$  and  $\mathbf{T}_c$  of the two components. The mass ratio  $\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{M}_c/\mathbf{M}_h$  was also taken as a free parameter.

That no good concordance exists between our two photometric solutions emphasizes that SW Lyn is a very complicated system; for any formalized binary model it is probably difficult to represent this binary well. However, it is likely that SW Lyn is a contact system; its secondary member (probably around KO according to our values of T<sub>c</sub>) seems to be slightly farther from the ZAMS than its F2V companion, whenever a mass typical of dwarfs of the same spectral type is assumed for this hotter star.

## Table

λ	yellow	blue
i	77.7±0.6	84.7±0.6
r <sub>h</sub>	0.398±0.005	0.395±0.003
k	0.747±0.019	0.642±0.005
a <sub>h</sub>	0.422	0.417
b <sub>h</sub>	0.408	0.404
c h	0.390	0.387
a c	0.338	0.276
b <sub>c</sub>	0.296	0.252
c	0.276	0.241
Th(eq)	6910±110	6860±160
T <sub>h</sub> (pol)	7200	7130
T <sub>C</sub> (eq)	4740±40	4640±50
T <sub>c</sub> (pol)	4820	4700
<sup>u</sup> h	0.59	0.84
u <sub>c</sub>	0.75	1.00
$oldsymbol{eta}_{ m h}$	0.25	0.25
/³c	0.08	0.08
w <sub>h</sub>	1	1
w <sub>c</sub>	0.5	0.5
<sup>L</sup> h	0.896	0.924
Lc	0.104	0.076
q	0.37±0.02	0.34±0.01
	1.59	1.36

F. PREDOLIN, G. GIURICIN, and F. MARDIROSSIAN
Osservatorio Astronomico di Trieste
via G.B. Tiepolo 11
I-34131 Trieste (Italy)

## References:

Gleim, J.K., 1967, Astron. J. 72,493.

Mardirossian, F., Mezzetti, M., Predolin, F., and Giuricin, G., 1980,

Astron.Astrophys.Suppl.40,57.

Vetešník, M., 1968, Bull. Astron. Inst. Czechosl. 19,110.

Vetešník, M., 1977, Bull. Astron. Inst. Czechosl. 28,120.

Wilson, R.E., 1979, Astrophys. J. 234, 1054.

Wood, D.B., 1972, A Computer Program for Modeling Non-Spherical

Eclipsing Binary Systems, Greenbelt, Maryland, U.S.A..

Wood, B.D., 1973-1978, WINK Status Report No.1-9, private communication.