COMMISSION 27 OF THE I. A. U. INFORMATION BULLETIN ON VARIABLE STARS

Number 1325

Konkoly Observatory Budapest 1977 August 12

XX CEPHEI: NEW TIMES OF MINIMUM AND A STUDY OF THE PERIOD

The A8 single-spectrum (Struve, 1946) eclipsing system XX Cephei, was observed photoelectrically with the 60 cm telescope at Loiano (Bologna). Nine new times of minimum, derived by the Kwee-Van Woerden's method are reported in Table I, along with the standard errors, the number of single observations used in the determination of the minima and the colour of the observations (columns 1, 2, 3 and 4, respectively).

	Table I		
J.D. hel (-2400000)	sigma	n	colour
I 40506.4019 I 40866.3467 I 40866.3485 I 40887.3841 I 4087.3841 I 41539.4973 I 41539.4972 II 41608.443 II 41622.476	.0002 .0004 .0006 .0007 .0007 .0003 .0002 .003	86 8 18 19 36 39 30 44	blue blue yellow blue yellow blue yellow yellow yellow

Several authors pointed out a variability of the orbital period (Fresa, 1953; Lavrov, 1957; Koch and Koch, 1962; Kopal, 1965). The presence of an apsidal motion was suspected by Fresa (1953). In his classical paper Kopal (1965) indicated the possibility of an apsidal motion and, on the basis of Iljasova (1946), Struve (1946), and Fresa's (1953) data he was able to calculate a value U/P=10000 ± 1200. With the present data we can rule out this possibility. Table II collects these data, with no claim of completeness. We underline the fact that any

argument founded on the analysis of the secondary minimum must be considered with caution. This minimum is in fact very shallow, about 0.03 in blue and yellow colours, according to our well observed light-curve.

The period, however, appears not to be constant: in fact the primary minima cannot be represented by a unique linear relation. For the first sixteen minima (Table II) a least squares solution gives:

For the remaining ones the least squares linear ephemeris turns out to be:

Min. = JD 2441539.4917 +
$$2^{\overset{\circ}{d}}3373059 \cdot E$$
 (-4801 $\leq E \leq 643$) (2)

The best fit with our own observations (1969-1973) is obtained with the ephemeris:

Min. = JD 2441539.4971 +
$$2^{d}$$
337321 · E
 ± . 6 ± 2 (3)

In these solutions the minima are weighted with the criterion of inverse proportionality to the squares of mean errors, when published; in the other cases the weights were attributed on the basis of subjective considerations (photoelectric, photographic or visual observations; number of points, etc.). The O-C values (Fig.1) correspond to (2).

A parabolic-like fit does not improve the run of the residuals and in this case one must assume the old visual or photographic data to be affected by large errors; this, however, is not reasonable because the primary minimum is deep (about 1^m) and, following our observations, symmetric. Some unreasonably great residuals can be found even by using the linear ephemerides of (1) and (2) but in this cases there is not a serious systematic trend. This can perhaps be accounted for with some variation of the light-curve. Our photoelectric light-curves (unpublished) do no agree with those of Iljasova (1946) and Fresa (1953, 1956) but are consistent with those of Schneller (1930) and Lavrov (1957). In all cases these variations, if real, are neither drastic nor rapid.

Table II

XX Cephei (Min.=JD 2441539.4917+2^d3373059·E)

AD HEL	SIGMA	E	0-C	REFERENCE
2414931.400		-11384	201	LAVROV,1959
15291.350		-11230	196	
17196.190		-10415	261	••
19255.410		-9534	207	• •
25124.470		-7023	122	•
25131.500		-7020	104	
25442.365		-6887	101	• •
25484.436		-6869	101	TSESEVITCH 1954
25851.405		-6712	089	KOCH AND KOCH 1962
25858.417		-6709	089	• •
28574.398		-5547	058	LAVROV,1959
28595.433		- 5538	059	• •
28607.148		-5533	030	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
28810.469	•	-5446	055	• •
28920.332		-5399	045	••
29775.889		-5033	.058	
30318.100		-4801	.014	
30589.228		-4685	.014	• •
30603.229		-4679	008	
30610.250		-4676	.001	●● ===================================
30617.284		-4673	.023	
32059.37		-4056	009	KOCH AND KOCH 1962
32204.285		-3994	007	• •
32232.33		-3982	010	
32612.09		-3819.5	062	
32954.561		-3673	006	• •
33099.464		-3611	016	
33134.51		-3596	030	
33155.555		-3587	020	
33445.426	1.5.	-3463	.025	LAVROV,1959
33587.97		-3402	007	
33889.494		-3273	•005	
34039.078		-3209	.001	
34041.415		-3208	.001	
34060.114		-3200	.001	9.9
34061.302		-3199.5	.021	KOCH AND KOCH 1962
34062.451		-3199	.001	LAVROV,1959
34088.162		-3188	.002	
34387.337		-3060	.001	• •
34394.349		-3057	.001	• •
34457.455		-3030	•000	9 9
34543.921		-2993	014	KOCH AND KOCH 1962
34623.395		-2959	009	
34630.415		-2956	000	
34768.319		-2897	.002	LAVROV,1959
34903.883		-2839	.003	KOCH AND KOCH 1962
34949.468		-2819.5	.010	1 44004 1000
34983.350		-2805 -3405	.001	LAVROV • 1959
35240.452		-2695	000:	KREINER • 1971

Table II (cont.)

REFERENCE SIGMA JD. HEL 2435247.468 -2692 .004 KOCH AND KOCH 1962 -2680 35275.510 -.002 36285.234 .006 LAVROV AND LAVROVA, 1973 -2248 37255.205 -1833 -.005 37790.450 -1604 -.003 DUEBALL AND LEHMANN, 1965 37790.451 -1604 -.002 . . . 37921.349 -1548 .007 38087.315 .001 -1477 OBURKA - 1964 .024 -1388 38295.3105 -.0006 38302.3209 -1385 -.0021 KORDYLEWSKY , 1964 38727.708 -1203 -.005 ROBINSON 1965A LAVROV AND LAVROVA:1973 -1198 -.007 38739.392 38786.138 -1178 -.007 39057.265 AHNERT + 1967 -1.062-.008 39057.274 -1062 .001 POHL AND KIZILIRMAK, 1966 39057.280 -1062 .007 39080.649 -1052 .003 -.008 ROBINSON, 1965R 39087.650 -1049 ROBINSON, 1966A 39094.664 -1046 -.006 39183.520 -1008 ROBINSON: 1966R .033 .005 CZERLUNCZAKIEWICZ 39384.502 -922 .006 & FLIN, 1968 39384.508 .005 -922 .012 -901 -.010 ROBINSON + 1967 39433.569 .010 -786 LOCHER • 1967 39702.379 -771 KIZILIRMAK AND POHL:1968 39737.446 .017 -735 BALDWIN:1973 39821.582 .010 40090.360 -620 -.002 LAVROV AND LAVROVA,1973 40097.373 -617 -.001 KIZILIRMAK AND POHL 1970 -599 40139.442 -.003 -557 BALDWIN, 1973 40237.617 .005 -456 -.020 40473.660 THIS PAPER 40506.4019 .0002 -442 -.0006 KIZILIRMAK AND POHL:1970 KIZILIRMAK AND POHL:1971 -439 40513.419 .005 40520.426 -436 -.000 -343 -.007 BALDWIN, 1975 40737.789 40742.471 -341 .001 9 9 -291 40859.339 .003 THIS PAPER (*) .0003 40866.3473 -288 -.0003 THIS PAPER (#) -279 .0007 .0005 40887.3841 LAVROV AND LAVROVA:1973 -205 41060.344 .000 41060.351 -205 .007 LOCHER AND DIETHELM.1971 MEYER, 1972 41214.61 .01 -139 .004 LAVROV AND LAVROVA, 1973 41303.429 -101 .005 .006 -77 41359.525 -68 .005 41380.560 • • -51 41420.294 .005 ,, -39 .003 41448.340 41490.414 PETER, 1972 -21 .006 THIS PAPER (*) .0002 .0055 41539.4972

Table II (cont.)

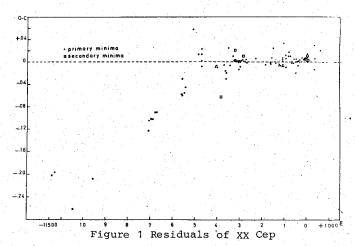
JD HEL	SIGMA	E.	0+C	REFERENCE
2441608.443	•003	29.5	.001	THIS PAPER
41622.476	.001	35.5	010	THIS PAPER
41628.309		38	000	DIETHELM.1972
41628.317		38	•008	LAVROV AND LAVROVA 1973
41649.359		47	.014	PETER 1975A
42439,340		385	014	LOCHER, 1975
42439.383		385	.029	DIETHELM, 1975
42453.383	- + 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	391	•005	PETER 19758
43042.399		643	.020	PETER • 1976

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REMARK:

(*) THIS TIME OF MINIMUM IS THE WEIGHTED MEAN OF TWO-COLOURS MINIMA



In conclusion, we believe that changes of period in XX Cep are real and presently these are better interpreted by two jumps approximately at epochs -4800 and -450. Nevertheless accurate photoelectric observations of primary minimum (easily observable) will possibly evidence a smooth variation of the period which, if this is the case, is now masked by the large residuals.

We should like to thank Mrs. A. Tura who collected the data in Table II.

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VS 5338

${\bf Errat\, um}$

aton Paschke reports a probable typing error in IBVS 1325. The time of the minitum of XX Cep observed by R. Diethelm in 1975 (as printed in IBVS 1325: 42439.383 iethelm 1975) should be 42439.370 according to the BBSAG Bulletin No. 20.

 $12 \,\, {\rm September} \,\, 2002$

 $The\ Editors$